MURUPARA AREA SCHOOL

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

School Directory

Ministry Number:

658

Principal:

Angela Sharples

School Address:

84 Pine Drive, Murupara

School Postal Address:

P.O. Box 26, Murupara, Murupara, 3025

School Phone:

07 366 5602

School Email:

jglfklns@mas.school.nz

Members of the Board of Trustees

		Position	Expires/
Name	Position	Gained	Expired
Sandra Te Aho Dr. Angela Sharples	Chairperson Principal	Appointed ex Officio	2019
Miro Hokianga	Parent Rep	Elected	2019
Pouwhare Rewi	Parent Rep	Elected	2019
Ario Rewi	Parent Rep	Elected	Resigned March 2018
Laefele Filipo	Parent Rep	Elected	2019
Louise Maki	Parent Rep	Elected	2019
Jude Robinson	Staff Rep	Elected	2019
Julena Hickey	Staff Rep	Elected	2019
Kingi Te Aho	Student Rep	Elected	2019
Tia Higgins	Student Rep	Elected	2019

Accountant / Service Provider:

Education Services Ltd

MURUPARA AREA SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2018

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Murupara Area School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2018

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2018 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2018 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Sandra Marion Te Alo Full Name of Board Chairperson	Or Angela Penise Shandes Full Name of Principal
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
31/05/19 Date:	30/5/10 Date:

Murupara Area School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense For the year ended 31 December 2018

		2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue	_			
Government Grants	2	4,541,703	1,227,507	4,582,927
Locally Raised Funds	3	51,691	6,350	86,184
Interest Earned		28,925	15,000	34,638
	-	4,622,319	1,248,857	4,703,749
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	32,310	16,000	86,896
Learning Resources	4	2,620,857	553,161	2,586,542
Administration	5	284,394	284,214	236,805
Finance Costs		686	-	1,292
Property	6	1,458,096	312,620	1,543,533
Depreciation	7	222,184	70,000	215,692
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		2,020	•	3,976
	-	4,620,547	1,235,995	4,674,736
Net Surplus / (Deficit)		1,772	12,862	29,013
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses		-	-	i.
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	_	1,772	12,862	29,013

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Murupara Area School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity For the year ended 31 December 2018

For the year ended 31 December 2018	Actual 2018 \$	Budget (Unaudited) 2018 \$	Actual 2017 \$
Bajance at 1 January	1,837,407	1,837,407	1,808,394
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year	1,772	12,862	29,013
Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant	1,935		
Equity at 31 December	1,841,114	1,850,269	1,837,407
Retained Earnings	1,841,114	1,850,269	1,837,407
Equity at 31 December	1,841,114	1,850,269	1,837,407
Eduta at at pagement			

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Murupara Area School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2018

		2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	235,664	324,836	259,806
Accounts Receivable	9	217,971	129,084	161,338
GST Receivable		-	26,704	26,704
Prepayments		-	11,452	11,452
Inventories	10	39,312	41,841	41,841
Investments	11	696,485	680,000	673,297
Funds owed for Capital Works Projects	16	2,832	-	-
	-	1,192,264	1,213,917	1,174,438
Current Llabilities				
GST Payable		80	-	-
Accounts Payable	13	197,385	211,023	210,884
Revenue Received in Advance	14	803	-	
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	7.600	-	-	
Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion	15	34,770	37,706	37,706
	_	233,038	248,729	248,590
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		959,226	965,188	925,848
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	939,898	935,081	1,005,081
	-	939,898	935,081	1,005,081
Non-current Liabilities				20 500
Finance Lease Liability	15	58,010	50,000	93,522
	-	58,010	50,000	93,522
Net Assets	=	1,841,114	1,850,269	1,837,407
Equity	_	1,841,114	1,850,269	1,837,407
Liquity	-	1,071,114	1,000,200	,,007,107

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Murupara Area School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2018

		2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities		4 044 700	1,227,507	1,288,697
Government Grants		1,344,733 42,823	6,350	58,372
Locally Raised Funds		21,374	0,000	(6,270)
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(602,625)	(425,274)	(615,746)
Payments to Employees		(634,738)	(761,361)	(545,155)
Payments to Suppliers		(686)		(1,292)
Interest Pald Interest Received		28,699	15,000	32,661
Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities		199,580	62,222	211,267
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale of PPE (and Intangibles)		5,652	-	(183,490)
Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles)		(156,617)	=	(23,297)
Purchase of Investments		(23,188)	-	(23,291)
Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities	•	(174,153)	•	(206,787)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				(00.070)
Finance Lease Payments		(46,737)	2,808	(32,278)
Funds Held for Capital Works Projects		(2,832)	المخيد المراس	
Net cash from Financing Activities	m 4	(49,569)	2,808	(32,278)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(24,142)	65,030	(27,798)
Met Iliciados/(necisados) Ili caou ana caou edaracione		THE DESIGNATION OF THE PERSON		
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	259,806	259,806	287,604
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	235,664	324,836	259,806

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Murupara Area School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Murupara Area School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education Act 1989. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education Act 1989 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as "having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders".

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the Significant Accounting Policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 12.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

The School reviews the details of lease agreements at the end of each reporting date. The School believes the classification of each lease as either operation or finance is appropriate and reflects the nature of the agreement in place. Finance leases are disclosed at note 15.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carryforward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives;

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Use of land and buildings grants are recorded as revenue in the period the School uses the land and buildings. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown.

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes. This is a non-cash expense that is offset by a non-cash grant from the Ministry.

e) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

f) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

h) Accounts Receivable

Accounts Receivable represents items that the School has issued invoices for or accrued for, but has not received payment for at year end. Receivables are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at the amount the School realistically expects to receive. A receivable is considered uncollectable where there is objective evidence the School will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount that is uncollectable (the provision for uncollectibility) is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amounts expected to be collected.

i) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprise of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

j) Investments

Bank term deposits for periods exceeding 90 days are classified as investments and are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. After initial recognition bank term deposits are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. Share investments are recognised initially by the School at fair value plus transaction costs. At balance date the School has assessed whether there is any evidence that an investment is impaired. Any impairment, gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

After initial recognition any investments categorised as available for sale are measured at their fair value without any deduction for transaction costs the school may incur on sale or other disposal.

The School has met the requirements of Schedule 6 para 28 of the Education Act 1989 in relation to the acquisition of investment securities.

k) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment acquired with individual values under \$500 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Gains and losses on disposals (*i.e.* sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (*i.e.* the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an Item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Leased Assets

Leases where the School assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The assets acquired by way of finance lease are measured at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at inception of the lease, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Leased assets and corresponding liability are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and leased assets are depreciated over the period the School is expected to benefit from their use or over the term of the lease.

Depreciation

Properly, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are: 18-40 years **Building Improvements** 5-15 years Furniture and Equipment 5 years Information and Communication 5 years **Motor Vehicles** 4 years Textbooks 3-5 years **Leased Assets** 8 years DV Library Resources Leased assets are depreciated over the life of the lease.

I) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance or licensing of software are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software licences with individual values under \$1,000 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software that the school receives from the Ministry of Education is normally acquired through a non-exchange transaction and is not of a material amount. It's fair value can be assessed at time of acquisition if no other methods lead to a fair value determination. Computer software purchased directly from suppliers at market rates are considered exchange transactions and the fair value is the amount paid for the software.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

m) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

n) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

o) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information; and
- · the present value of the estimated future cash flows.

p) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

q) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. The cluster of schools operate activities outside of school control. These amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

t) Financial Assets and Liabilities

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as "loans and receivables" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

u) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised at the amount borrowed. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the School has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance date.

v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board at the start of the year.

x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants			
	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operational grants	1,068,314	1,140,751	1,148,196
Teachers' salarles grants	2,041,043	-	2,034,335
Use of Land and Buildings grants	1,162,541	•	1,248,162
Resource teachers learning and behaviour grants	8,737	10,000	1,565
Other MoE Grants	173,097	48,400	58,380
Other government grants	87,971	28,356	92,289
	4,541,703	1,227,507	4,582,927
	4,041,700	1,227,007	HOOLIOLI
3. Locally Raised Funds			
o. Locally Naiseu Fullus	÷		
Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:			
	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations	6,892	5,000	10,507
Beguests & Grants	10,338	-,	27,358
Activities	24,544	1,350	44,807
Trading	9,717	-	- 1,100.
Fundralsing	200	÷	3,512
	51,691	6,350	86,184
Evnances			
Expenses Activities	27,476	16,000	85,515
Trading	4,784	10,000	65,515
Fundralsing costs	50	-	1,381
Fulldialsing costs	30		1,001
	32,310	16,000	86,896
		(0.050)	(740)
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds	19,381	(9,650)	(712)
4. Learning Resources			
4. Learning Nesources	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	166,325	147,678	85,423
Employee benefits - salaries	2,329,577	230,482	2,379,444
Staff development	54,251	85,001	63,906
Services Academy	70,704	90,000	57,769
	2,620,857	553,161	2,586,542

5. Administration	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
	4,775	9,000	4,636
Audit Fee	2,815	5,000	4,140
Board of Trustees Fees	35,475	40,100	30,652
Board of Trustees Expenses	17,534	13,000	13,430
Communication	2,791	35,504	3,112
Consumables	2,791	2,808	2,572
Operating Lease	41,113	48,950	40,981
Other	161,918	122,192	128,523
Employee Benefits - Salaries	8,973	6,000	7,411
Insurance	9,000	1,660	1,348
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	9,000	1,000	1,010
	284,394	284,214	236,805
6. Property	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
and the state of t	12,497	13,408	10,382
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	6,821	28,004	27,555
Grounds	76,911	85,000	73,641
Heat, Light and Water	5,733	5,552	6,197
Rales	39,126	36,052	36,208
Repairs and Maintenance	1,162,541		1,248,162
Use of Land and Buildings	127,993	117,600	115,458
Employee Benefits - Salaries School Vehicles	26,474	27,004	25,930
	1,458,096	312,620	1,543,533

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7, Depreciation	2018	2018 Budget	2017
Building Improvements Furniture and Equipment Information and Communication Technology Motor Vehicles Textbooks	Actual \$ 9,376 80,774 67,556 24,096 575 37,885	(Unaudited) \$ 2,895 23,693 27,672 5,125 187 9,723	Actual \$ 8,921 73,005 85,265 15,791 576 29,961
Leased Assets Library Resources	1,922	705	2,173
	222,184	70,000	215,692

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents	2018	2018	2017
		Budget	A - 4=1
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$ 372	\$ 89,836	\$ 259,711
ASB Chq Account			259,711
ASB - 50 A/C	235,292	235,000	95
Cash equivalents for Cash Flow Statement	235,664	324,836	259,806
The carrying value of short-term deposits with maturity dates of 90 days	or less approximates their fai	r value,	
9. Accounts Receivable			
	2018	2018	2017
,	2	Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	54,558	3,412	3,412
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	17,367		32,254
Interest Receivable	2,203	1,977	1,977
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	143,843	123,695	123,695
	217,971	129,084	161,338
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	56,761	5,389	5,389
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	161,210	123,695	155,949
	217,971	129,084	161,338
10. Inventories	2018	2018	2017
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Unlform	39,312	41,841	41,841
	39,312	41,841	41,841
11. Investments			
The Oaksalla lauraturent autholika ann laurin dan tallaura			
The School's investment activities are classified as follows:	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Current Asset	•	- N.	

696,485

673,297

680,000

Current Asset Short-term Bank Deposits

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

2018	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV)
D. D. H. C. Landson, and C. La	142,675	15,291	_		(9,376)	148,590
Building Improvements	491,025	60,506	(4,961)	-	(80,774)	465,796
Furniture and Equipment		27,830	(690)	-	(67,556)	132,142
Information and Communication Tech		The second secon	(000)	_	(24,096)	71,985
Motor Vehicles	43,091	52,990		_	(575)	1,711
Textbooks	2,286		(0.004)	-	(27 005)	106,366
Leased Assets	138,216	8,056	(2,021)		(1,922)	13,308
Library Resources	15,230		-		(1,922)	10,000
Balance at 31 December 2018	1,005,081	164,673	(7,672)		(222,184)	939,898

	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
2018	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	233,371	(84,781)	148,590
Furniture and Equipment	724,910	(259,114)	465,796
Information and Communication Tech	526,200	(394,058)	132,142
	188,713	(116,728)	71,985
Motor Vehicles	2.878	(1,167)	1,711
Textbooks	158.697	(52,331)	106,366
Leased Assets Library Resources	63,816	(50,508)	13,308
Balance at 31 December 2018	1,898,585	(958,687)	939,898

2017	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV)
	78,771	72,825	_	-	(8,921)	142,675
Building Improvements	484.738	83,138	(3,845)	_	(73,005)	491,025
Furniture and Equipment		40,446	(131)	-	(85,265)	172,558
Information and Communication Tech		40,440	(101)	_	(15,791)	43,091
Motor Vehicles	58,882	•	-		(576)	2,286
Textbooks	2,862	450.040	2	-	(00,004)	138,216
Leased Assets	17,535	150,642			(2,173)	15,230
Library Resources	16,197	1,206		_	(2,170)	10,200
Balance at 31 December 2017	876,493	348,257	(3,976)		(215,692)	1,005,081

2017	Cost or Valuation \$	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements Furniture and Equipment Information and Communication Tech Motor Vehicles Textbooks Leased Assets Library Resources	218,080 683,782 519,401 150,389 2,878 173,915 63,816	(75,405) (192,757) (346,843) (107,298) (592) (35,699) (48,586)	142,675 491,025 172,558 43,091 2,286 138,216 15,230
Balance at 31 December 2017	1,812,261	(807,180)	1,005,081

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	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operating creditors	29,327	70,184	70,184
Accruals	4,775	4,775	4,636
Employee Entitlements - salaries	143,843	123,695	123,695
Employee Entitlements - leave accrual	19,440	12,369	12,369
	197,385	211,023	210,884
Payables for Exchange Transactions	197,385	211,023	210,884
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	-	-	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-		(⊕)
	197,385	211,023	210,884
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			
14. Revenue Received in Advance	2040	2040	0047

	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Income in Advance	280	· _	•
Student Credit Balances	523	-	*
	803		

15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	34,770	37,706	37,706
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	58,010	50,000	93,522
	92,780	87,706	131,228

16. Funds Owed (Held) for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects:

Tollet Upgrade Special Needs	2018 In progress	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$ 2,832	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances \$ 2,832
Totals			•	2,832		2,832
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Minis Funds Due from the Ministry of Ec	try of Education ducation				-	2,832
	2017	Opening Balances \$	Recelpts from MoE \$	Payments \$	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances \$
Totals		-1		-		

17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2018 Actual \$	2017 Actual \$
Board Members		
Remuneration	2,815	4,140
Full-time equivalent members	0.15	0.27
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	362,871	610,025
Full-time equivalent members	3.00	6.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	365,686	614,165
Total full-time equivalent personnel	3.15	6.27

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2018	2017
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	140 - 150	130 - 140
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	4 - 5
Termination Benefits	•	-

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2018	2017
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
110 - 120	1.00	1.00
100 - 110	1.00	
	2.00	1.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2018	2017
	Actual	Actual
Total	-	-
Number of People	• ·	

20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2018 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2017; nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of school boards of trustees, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry has commenced a review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. The initial phase of this review has identified areas of non-compliance, however the potential impact on any specific school or individual and any associated historical liability will not be known until further detailed analysis has been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2018, a contingent liability for the school may

21. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

There are no capital commitments as at 31 December 2018 (Capital commitments at 31 December 2017: nll).

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2018 the Board has entered into the following contracts:

(a) operating lease of laptops;

No later than One Year	
Later than One Year and	No Later than Five Years
Later than Five Years	

2018 Actual \$	2017 Actual \$		
	493		
-	-		
-			
	493		

22. Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but attempts to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

23. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Loans and receivables	2018	2018 Budget	2017
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables Investments - Term Deposits	Actual \$ 235,664 217,971 696,485	(Unaudited) \$ 324,836 129,084 680,000	Actual \$ 259,806 161,338 673,297
Total Loans and Receivables	1,150,120	1,133,920	1,094,441
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost Payables	197,385	211,023	210,884
Borrowings - Loans Finance Leases Painting Contract Liability	92,780 -	87,706 -	131,228 -
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	290,165	298,729	342,112

24. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements,

25. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF MURUPARA AREA SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Murupara Area School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Stephen Graham, using the staff and resources of BDO Rotorua Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 20, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 31 December 2018; and
 - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with the Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 31 May 2019. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Trustees' responsibilities arise from the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which
may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of
material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence
readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included within the Analysis of Variance, the Board of Trustee Listing and the Kiwisport Report, which form part of the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised): *Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Stephen Graham

BDO Rotorua Limited On behalf of the Auditor-General

Rotorua, New Zealand

